# ICDL DIGITAL LITERACY FORUM 2019

# NAPOLI 22 OTTOBRE 2019





ICDL Italia — icdl.it





# **ICDL-** Global Programme

Jakub Christoph Regional Development Manager. Europe and Arab States

CONGRESSO AICA 2019 E ICDL DIGITAL LITERACY FORUM Naples, October 22, 2019

**ICDL Foundation — icdl.org** 

# **Changing nature of work**

Digital technology in all workplaces



### 1997





### 2019



### Cloud | Mobile | Social

90% of jobs will require some level of digital skills

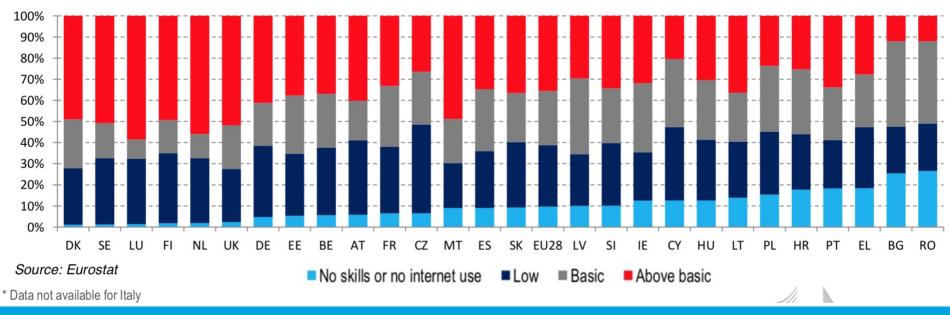
**European Commission** 

# **Digital skills of the workforce**



Digital adoption limited by lack of digital skills

In 2017, 10 % of the EU labour force had no digital skills, mostly because they did not use the internet. 35 % did not have at least basic digital skills, which are now required in most jobs.



### Digital skills of the EU labour force, 2017 (% individuals, by skills level)\*

# **Survey methodology**



Digital Skills Indicator - derived from Eurostat survey on ICT usage by Individuals

Methodological note - 2015

Recognising the crucial role of digital competence in today's society, the European Commission's 2010 Digital Agenda for Europe devoted a whole pillar to digital literacy, skills and inclusion. Furthermore, recognising the need for indicators to measure the extent of digital competence in Europe, one of the actions of the Digital Agenda was to "propose by 2013 EU-wide indicators of digital competence and media literacy" (action 62).

Following a <u>report of May 2014</u>, DG CONNECT and the Eurostat Information Society Working Group agreed to create and publish a "Digital Skills Indicator" based on the <u>Digital Competence Framework</u> (developed by JRC and DG EAC, and available for self-assessment on the <u>Europass</u> website), and to be populated with data collected through the ICT survey on ICT usage by Households and Individuals.

The transverk identifies five competence domains: information communication, content creation, safety and problem solving. The ICT survey collects information about <u>activities realised during the previous 3 months by internet and computer users</u> covering four of the five domains (the safety domain is not covered as adequate indicators this domain are not yet available within the survey). It is assumed that persons having realized cortain activities nave the corresponding skills.

The nature of the ICT survey doesn't allow investigating proficiency levels for each activity performed. However, for each of the four domains, a set of activities have been selected (between 4 and 7), to reflect the competences outlined within each domain of the Digital Competence Transvork, with the purpose or discriminating between people having, or missing, the basic skills. When there is evidence about the variety of tasks accomplished or about their complexity, a flag "above basic" is also attributed. Once these three levels of skills ("none", "basic" and "above basic") are computed for each of the four dimensions, an overall composite indicator is computed following a similar logical approach.

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https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/new-comprehensive-digital-skills-indicator

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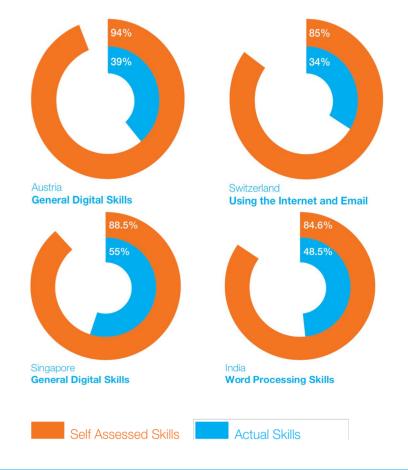
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# **Perception and reality**







# **New Digital Divide**



### Economic divide among people and among organisations



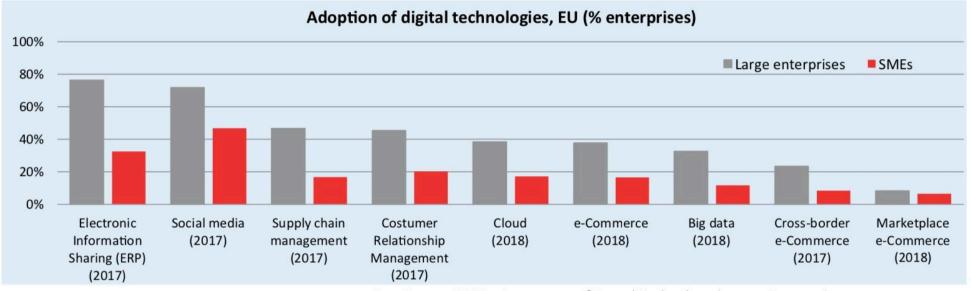
Digital Lifestyle Skills

Digital Workplace Skills

## **Pace of digital adoption**



### European experience



Desi Report 2019 – Integration of Digital Technology (source: Eurostat)

# **Changing nature of work**

### Top emerging and declining jobs

### **Top 10 Emerging**

- 1. Data Analysts and Scientists
- 2. Al and Machine Learning Specialists
- 3. General and Operations Managers
- 4. Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
- 5. Sales and Marketing Professionals
- 6. Big Data Specialists
- 7. Digital Transformation Specialists
- 8. New Technology Specialists
- 9. Organisational Development Specialists
- 10. Information Technology Services



### ICDL The Digital Skills Standard

### **Top 10 Declining**

- 1. Data Entry Clerks
- 2. Accounting, Bookkeeping and Payroll Clerks
- 3. Administrative and Executive Secretaries
- 4. Assembly and Factory Workers
- 5. Client Information and Customer Service Workers
- 6. Business Services and Administration Managers
- 7. Accountants and Auditors
- 8. Material-Recording and Stock-Keeping Clerks
- 9. General and Operations Managers
- 10. Postal Service Clerks

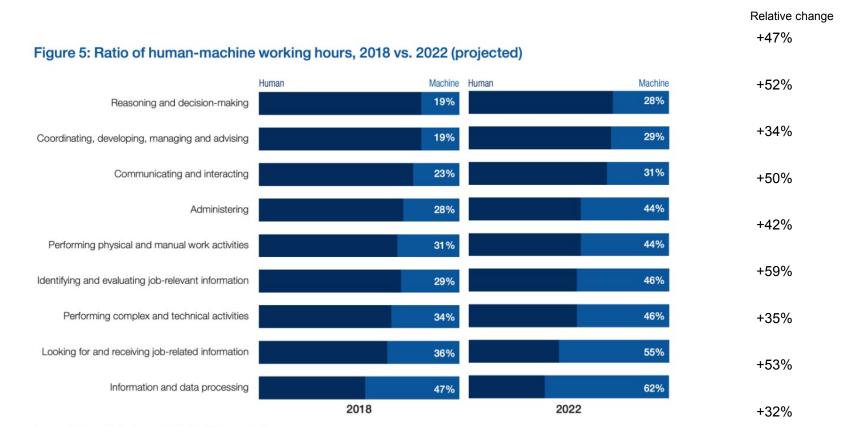
declining roles, global change by 2022



Source: World Economic Forum's Future of Jobs Report 2018

# **Changing nature of work**

### Ratio of human-to-machine working hours, 2018 v 2022 (projected)



Source: Future of Jobs Survey 2018, World Economic Forum.

Source: World Economic Forum's Future of Jobs Report 2018

# **ECDL Programme 1999**



### (Courtesy of www.waybackmachine.org!)





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#### 1. Introduction

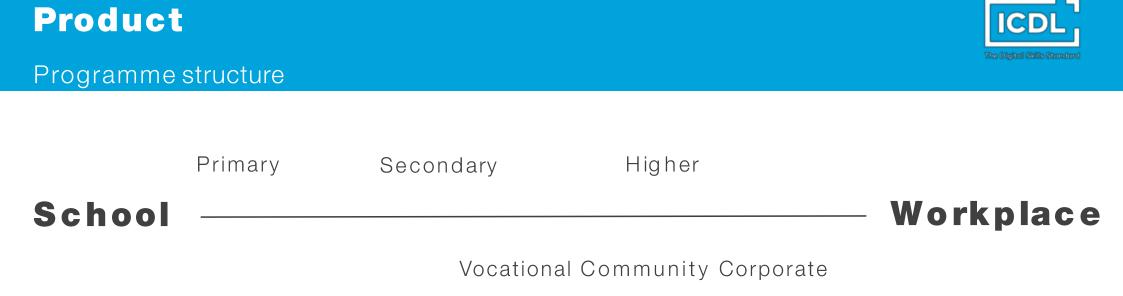
1.1 The European Computer Driving Licence 1.2 Objectives of the ECDL 1.3 Benefits of the ECDL 1.4 ECDL Target Population 1.5 Level of Difficulty 1.6 The ECDL Standard 1.7 ECDL Syllabus Version 3.0 Implementation 1.8 Evolution in Syllabus Version 3.0 1.9 The ECDL Modules

2. Description Of The Modules

2.1 Module 1 - Basic Concepts of Information Technology (IT) 2.2 Module 2 - Using the Computer and Managing Files 2.3 Module 3 - Word Processing 2.4 Module 4 - Spreadsheets 2.5 Module 5 - Database 2.6 Module 6 - Presentation 2.7 Module 7 - Information and Communication



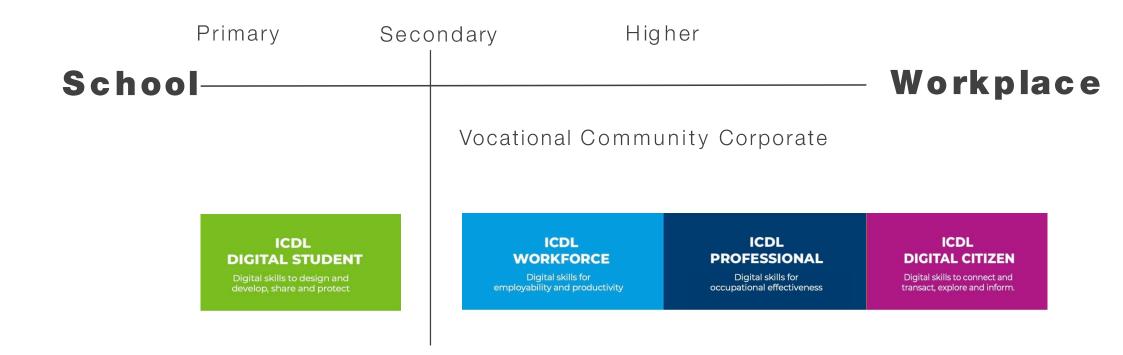
# Celebrating 20 Years ---> ICDL Global Strategy



### ICDL for All

# Product

Programme structure





## Identity

### **Global Context**



#EuroAsianConnectivity

"Our approach is the European Union's way: to establish stronger networks and strengthen partnerships for sustainable connectivity, across all sectors and based on a respect for common rules. This is the European way to tackle challenges and take opportunities, to the benefit of people in Europe and in Asia as well."

Federica Mogherini European Union High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy Vice-President of the European Commission

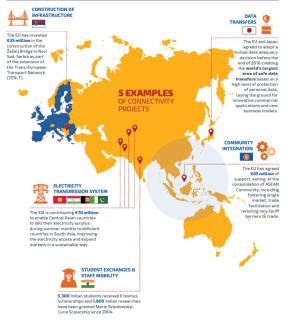


The EU has a strong track record of financing connectivity internally and externally through combining innovative financing initiatives and creating opportunities for private sector participation.



oursoner Healthy for Central Asia, Asian Investment Facility for Central Asia, Asian Investment Facility and the European Fund for Sustainable Development (FSD) provide financing to catalyse additional public and private capital.

#### WHAT IS THE EU DOING TO CONNECT EUROPE & ASIA?





# Identity



- Global Regional National
- Global identity
  - One name ICDL a shared global standard, a global network
- Regional identity
  - Build regional relevance, belonging, contribution

### ICDL Europe : ICDL Africa : ICDL Asia : ICDL Americas

### ICDL Foundation

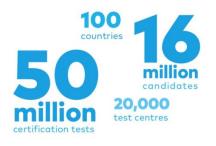
- National identity
  - Local relationships, government recognition, ATC community

# ICDL The Digital Skills Standard



### Global Social Enterprise





# **ACCA SoutheastAsia**

Contextualised modules for students and



# ACCA Think Ahead







ACCA Singapore

**ACCA** Malaysia

**ACCA** Vietnam

### Singapore government



### New digital skills for professionals |contextualised modules for legal industry











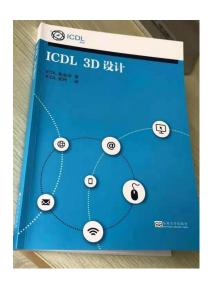
# **SIEMENS PLM Asia**

3D Design module for students





National Centre for Educational Technology





Solid Edge 2019 Classic Siemens PLM Software

Train-the-trainer Nanjing Vocational Colleges

# Identity



ICDI O





# Identity











# Thank you – jakub.christoph@icdleurope.org

**ICDL Foundation — icdl.org** 

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